



Product Description

The insulation monitor UH 5892 of the series varimeter IMD monitors the ground resistance of isolated DC-voltage systems (IT-systems) with nominal voltage up to DC 600 V. The unit detects symmetrical as well as unsymmetrical faults. The separate auxiliary supply of AC/DC 24...60 V or AC/DC 85...230 V allows also monitoring when the system is without voltage. To indicate the actual ground resistance value the unit has an LED chain and an analogue output. When a fault is detected the relay switches and the red LED Alarm lights up. The device can be used for system with leakage capacities up to 20 μF .

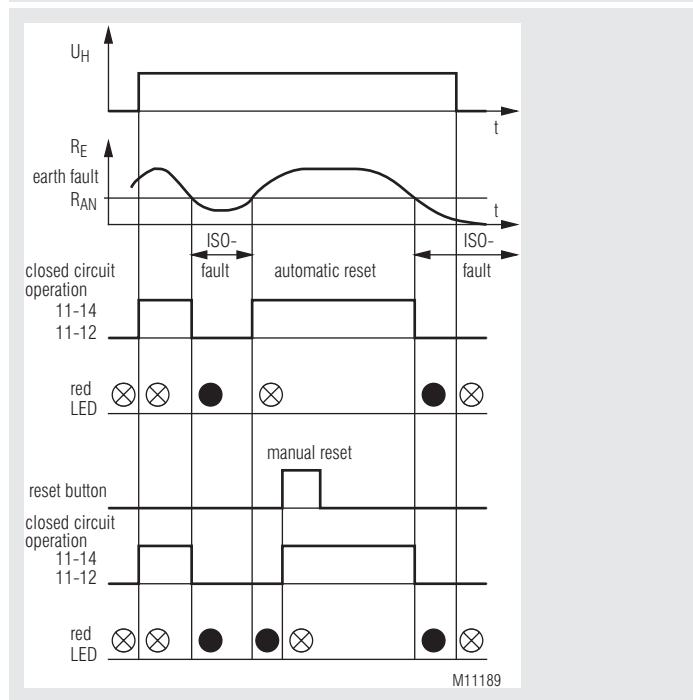
Your Advantages

- Preventive fire and system protection
- Insulation monitoring of DC voltage systems up to 600 V nominal voltage
- No additional coupling device required
- Suitable for leakage capacitances up to 20 μF
- Monitoring also with voltage-free mains
- 2 wide voltage input ranges for auxiliary voltage

Merkmale

- Insulation monitoring according to IEC/EN 61557-8
- Detection of symmetric and asymmetric insulation faults
- 1 changeover contact for alarm
- Fixed response value R_{AN} : 50 k Ω , other on request
- Internal reset and test pushbutton
- External test and reset pushbutton can be connected
- LED indicator for auxiliary voltage and alarm
- LED chain to indicate the current insulation resistance
- Automatic or manual reset, programmable
- Analogue output for insulating value
- External indicating instrument can be connected
- Closed circuit operation
- Open circuit operation on request
- With pluggable terminal blocks for easy exchange of devices
 - with screw terminals
 - or with cage clamp terminals
- Width 45 mm

Function Diagram



Approvals and Markings



Applications

Monitoring of the resistance to earth in ungrounded DC systems

Function

The device is supplied with auxiliary voltage via terminals A1(+)/A2; a green "ON" LED comes on. After connecting the auxiliary supply a 10 s start up delay is active allowing the measuring circuit to start. After this, measurement of the insulation resistance in the measuring circuits begins.

Measuring circuit

(Insulation measurement between terminals L(+)/L(-) and PE1/PE2).

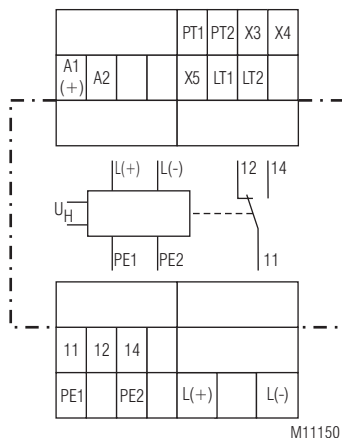
Terminals L(+) and L(-) are connected to the mains to be monitored. In addition, the two terminals PE1 and PE2 must be connected to the protective conductor system via separate lines. An active measuring voltage with alternating polarity is applied between L(+)/L(-) and PE1/PE2 to measure the insulation resistance.

The length of the positive and negative measuring phases has a fixed factory setting of 16 s (max. leakage capacitance of 20 μF). The LED-chain and the analogue output show the actual determined insulating resistance, and the output relays switch according to the respective response values set. If the response thresholds has been undercut the red LED "Alarm" lights up.

Indicators

green LED "ON":	on, when auxiliary supply connected
red LED "Alarm":	on, when resistance is below the response value R_{AN}
LED-chain:	the approx. value of actual resistance to ground (PE)

Circuit Diagrams



Connection Terminals

Terminal designation	Signal designation
A1(+), A2	Auxiliary voltage U_H
L(+), L(-)	Connection for measuring circuit
PE1, PE2	Connection for protective conductor
X5(LT1)	Control input (manual/auto reset) X5/LT1 bridged: manual reset X5/LT1 not bridged: auto reset
PT1, PT2	connection option for external device test pushbutton
LT1, LT2	connection option for external reset pushbutton
X3, X4	Analogue output
11, 12, 14	Alarm signal relay (1 changeover contact)

Notes

The response value R_{AN} is fixed. An external indicator instrument can be connected.

The unit works de-energized on trip, that means, the output relay release in position of rest at a insulation failures $R_E < R_{AN}$.

A bridge between X5 and LT1 allows to select auto or manual reset. The UH 5892 has a built in reset button on the front and allows connection of an external button at terminals LT1 and LT2 also.

For function test an external (terminals PT1-PT2) or built in push button can be used to simulate a ground fault. The push button has to be pressed for the length of a measuring period.

The analogue output (terminals X3 and X4) provides a voltage signal proportional to the actual insulation resistance of the mains. The following formula describes the input to output ratio.:
(0V at $R_E = 0$ and 13.0 ... 13.5 V at $R_E = \infty$)

$$U_A = \frac{U_{max}}{\frac{180 \text{ k}\Omega}{R_E} + 1} ; U_{max} = 13.25 \text{ V} \pm 0.25 \text{ V}$$

These values are valid for $C_E = 0$ (see diagram page 4). In practice it makes no sense to monitor values above 11 ... 12V as the tolerances increase, especially with mains capacity. On fluctuation of the mains voltage momentary false readings can occur. This is normal and caused by the cyclic measuring principle.

In one voltage system only one insulation monitor can be used. This has to be observed when interconnecting two separate systems.

Technical Data

Auxiliary circuit

Auxiliary voltage U_H	Voltage range	Frequency range
AC/DC 24 ... 60V	AC 19 ... 68 V	45 ... 400 Hz; DC 48 % $W^*)$
	DC 18 ... 96 V	$W^*) \leq 5 \%$
AC/DC 85 ... 230 V	AC 65 ... 276 V	45 ... 400 Hz; DC 48 % $W^*)$
	DC 75 ... 300 V	$W^*) \leq 5 \%$

*) W = permitted residual ripple of auxiliary supply

Nominal consumption: max. 1.5 W

Measuring Circuit

Nominal voltage U_N :	DC 0 ... 600 V / AC 0 ... 400 V
Voltage range:	0 ... 1,15 U_N
Frequency range:	DC or 40 ... 60 Hz
Response value R_{AN} :	50 k Ω , 10 ... 440 k Ω on request
Setting R_{AN} :	fixed
Internal AC resistance:	> 120 k Ω
Internal DC resistance:	> 150 k Ω
Messspannung:	approx. ± 13 V
Max. measuring current ($R_E = 0$):	< 0.3 mA
Measuring cycle internally adjustable:	2 ... 16 s
Line capacitance C_E to ground:	1 ... 20 μ F
Factory setting:	16 s (für $C_E = 20 \mu$ F)
Operate delay at $R_{AN} = 50 \text{ k}\Omega$, $C_E = 20 \mu$ F	
R_E from ∞ to 0,9 R_{AN} :	< 100 s
R_E from ∞ to 0 k Ω :	< 60 s
Hysteresis at $R_{AN} = 50 \text{ k}\Omega$:	approx. 5 %
Response inaccuracy:	$\pm 15\% \pm 1.5 \text{ k}\Omega$ IEC/EN 61557-8

Output

Contacts:	1 changeover contact
Max. switching voltage:	AC 250 V
Thermal current I_{th} :	5 A
Switching capacity to AC 15:	
NO contact:	5 A / AC 230 V IEC/EN 60 947-5-1
NC contact:	2 A / AC 230 V IEC/EN 60 947-5-1
Short circuit strength max. fuse rating:	6 A gL IEC/EN 60 947-5-1
Electrical life at 5 A, AC 230 V:	1 x 10^5 switching cycles
Mechanical life:	> 50 x 10^6 switching cycles

Analogue output

for actual insulating value, no galvanic separation
Terminals X3-X4: typ. 0 ... 13.25 V / R_i approx. 50 Ω
(0 V at $R_E = 0$ and 13.0 ... 13.5 V at $R_E = \infty$)
X4 is internal connected with PE

General Data

Operating mode:	Continuous operation
Temperature range:	
Operation:	- 20 ... + 60°C
Storage:	- 25 ... + 70°C
Altitude:	< 2.000 m
Clearance and creepage distances	
overvoltage category / pollution degree:	IEC 60 664-1
meas. circuit to auxiliary voltage and relay contact:	6 kV/2
auxiliary voltage to relay contact:	6 kV/2
Insulation test voltage	
Routine test:	AC 4 kV; 1 s

Technical Data

EMC

Electrostatic discharge:	8 kV (air)	IEC/EN 61 000-4-2
HF irradiation		
80 MHz ... 1 GHz:	20 V / m	IEC/EN 61 000-4-3
1 GHz ... 2.7 GHz	10 V / m	IEC/EN 61 000-4-3
Fast transients:	4 kV	IEC/EN 61 000-4-4
Surge voltage between A1(+) - A2 and L(+) - L(-):	1 kV	IEC/EN 61 000-4-5
between A1(+), A2 - PE and L(+), L(-) - PE:	2 kV	IEC/EN 61 000-4-5
between control lines:	0,5 kV	IEC/EN 61 000-4-5
between control lines and ground:	1 kV	IEC/EN 61 000-4-5
HF-wire guided:	20 V	IEC/EN 61 000-4-6
Interference suppression:	Limit value class B	EN 55 011

Degree of protection

Housing:	IP 40	IEC/EN 60 529
Terminals:	IP 20	IEC/EN 60 529

Housing:

Thermoplastic with V0 behaviour according to UL subject 94

Vibration resistance:

Amplitude 0.35 mm IEC/EN 60 068-2-6 frequency 10 ... 55 Hz

Climate resistance:

20 / 060 / 04 IEC/EN 60 068-1

Terminal designation:

EN 50 005

Wire connection:

DIN 46 228-1/-2/-3/-4

Plug in with screw terminals

max. cross section for connection:

1 x 0.25 ... 2.5 mm² solid or stranded ferruled (isolated)
2 x 0.25 ... 1.0 mm² solid or stranded ferruled (isolated)

Insulation of wires or sleeve length:

7 mm

Plug in with cage clamp terminals

max. cross section for connection:

1 x 0.25 ... 2.5 mm² solid or stranded ferruled (isolated)
2 x 0.25 ... 1.5 mm² stranded twin ferruled (isolated)

Insulation of wires or sleeve length:

10 mm

Wire fixing:

captive slotted screw or cage clamp terminals

Fixing torque:

0.8 Nm

Mounting:

DIN rail

IEC/EN 60 715

Weight:

approx. 270 g

Dimensions

Width x height x depth: 45 x 107 x 121 mm

Classification to DIN EN 50155

Vibration and

shock resistance:

Category 1, Class B

IEC/EN 61 373

Protective coating of the PCB:

No

Standard Types

UH 5892.11PS AC/DC 24 ... 60 V 50 kΩ

Article number:

0066309

• Output:

1 Wechsler

• Auxiliary voltage U_H :

AC/DC 24 ... 60 V

• Response value R_{AN} :

50 kΩ

• Line capacitance:

20 μF

• De-energized on trip

• Width:

45 mm

UH 5892.11PS AC/DC 85 ... 230 V 50 kΩ

Article number:

0066946

• Output:

1 Wechsler

• Auxiliary voltage U_H :

AC/DC 85 ... 230 V

• Response value R_{AN} :

50 kΩ

• Line capacitance:

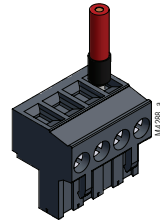
20 μF

• De-energized on trip

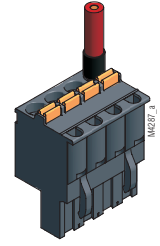
• Width:

45 mm

Options with Pluggable Terminal Blocks



Screw terminal
(PS / plug in screw)



Cage clamp terminal
(PC / plug in cage clamp)

Accessories

EH 5861/004:

indicating instrument,
degree of protection: IP 52
Article number: 0030618

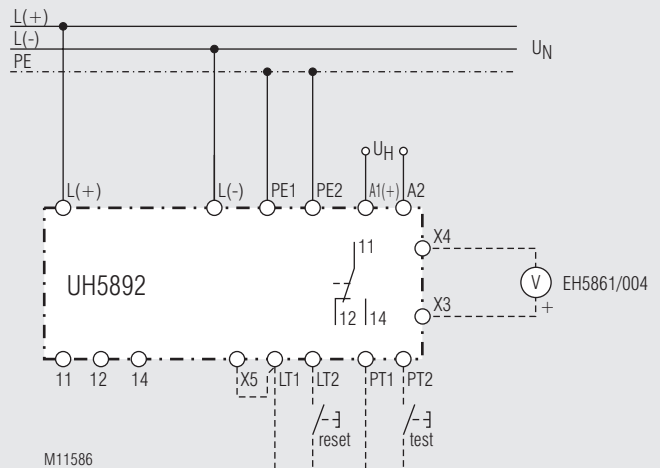


The indicating device EH 5861 is externally connected to the insulation monitor and shows the actual insulation resistance of the voltage system to ground.

Dimensions:

Width x height x depth
96 x 96 x 52 mm

Connection Examples



X5 \circ manual reset
LT1 \circ

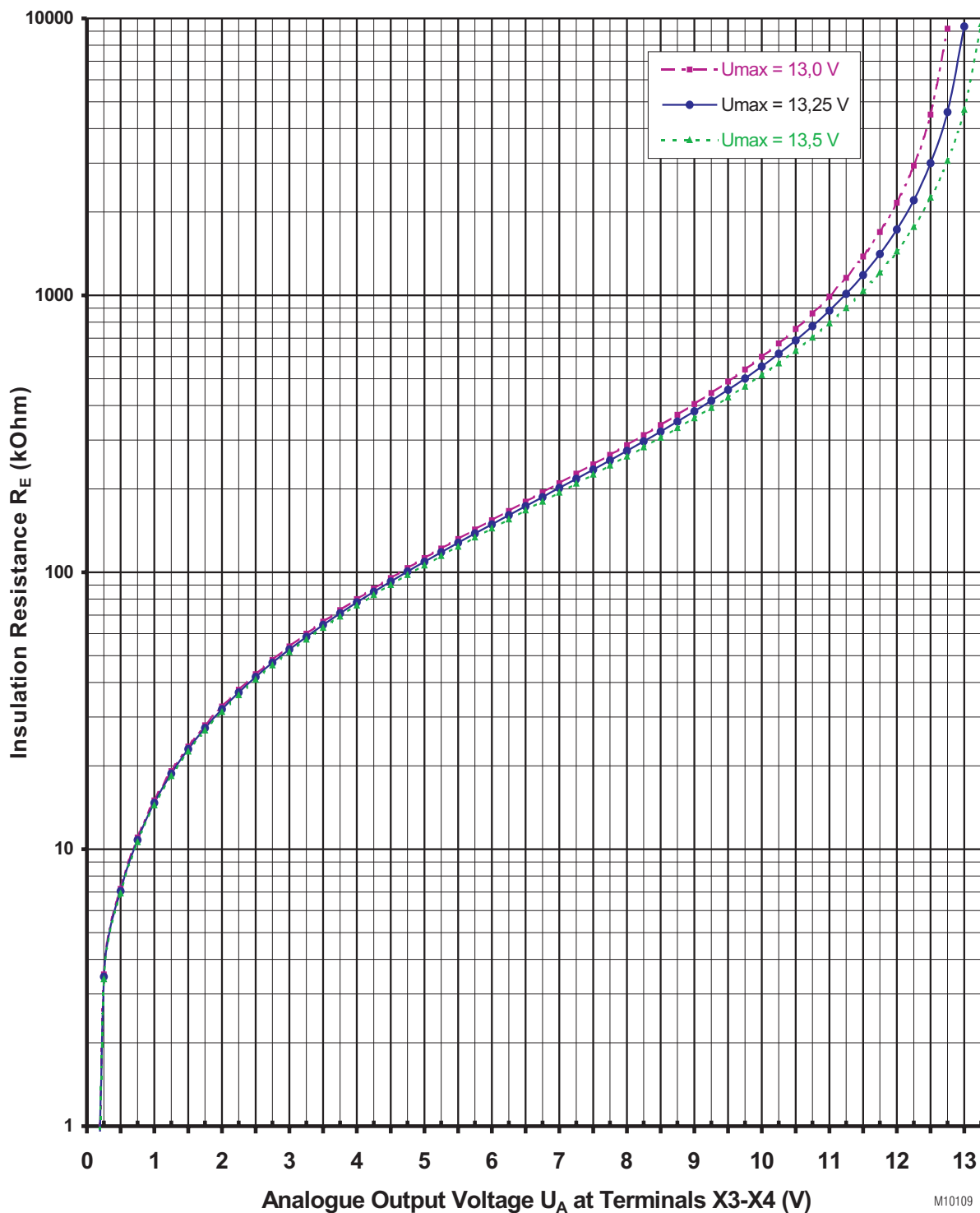
L(+)/L(-): U_N
A1(+)/A2: U_H

X5 \circ auto reset
LT1 \circ

Analogue Output Voltage U_A (Terminals X3-X4)

against Insulation Resistance R_E with $C_E = 0$

Parameter: Max. Analogue Output Voltage U_{max} (at $R_E = \infty$)



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